## Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:
Listing of Claims:

1. (Original) Compound characterized in that it corresponds to formula (1)

$$R_2$$
  $R_3$   $R_3$   $R_4$   $R_5$   $R_7$   $R_8$   $R_8$   $R_9$   $R_9$ 

in which

- each group  $R^1$  is identical to the other group  $R^1$  and represents:
  - a  $C_1$  to  $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$  to  $C_6$  alkenyl or  $C_2$  to  $C_6$  alkynyl group,
  - a (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>benzyl group in which n is equal to 0 or 1,
  - a  $(CH_2)_{\mathfrak{m}}(C_3$  to  $C_6$  cycloalkyl) group in which m is equal to 0 or 1,

each of the alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, benzyl or cycloalkyl groups being substituted with one or two group(s) represented by the group A;

• the group A represents:

- a carboxylate group COOH or COOR, R representing a  $C_1$  to  $C_6$  alkyl or  $CH_2$ phenyl group;
- a sulfonate group  $SO_3H$  or  $SO_3R'$ , R' representing a  $C_1$  to  $C_6$  alkyl or  $CH_2$ phenyl group;
- a phosphonate group  $PO_3H_2$  or  $PO_3R_2"R'"$ , R" and R'" independently representing H, or a  $C_1$  to  $C_6$  alkyl or  $CH_2$ phenyl group;
- each group  $R^2$  is identical to the other group  $R^2$  and represents a  $C_1$  to  $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$  to  $C_6$  alkenyl or  $C_2$  to  $C_6$  alkynyl group, each alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl group being free or substituted with the group  $B_7$
- the group B represents:
  - a carboxylate group, COOH or COOR', R' representing a  $C_1$  to  $C_6$  alkyl or  $CH_2$ phenyl group;
  - a phenyl group that is free or substituted with one or more radicals chosen from a halogen atom, an optionally protected hydroxyl radical, a  $C_1$  to  $C_4$  alkyl group, a cyano group, a free, salified or esterified carboxyl group or an amide group;
- each group  $\mathbb{R}^3$  is identical to the other group  $\mathbb{R}^3$  and represents a hydrogen atom.
- 2. (Original) Compound according to Claim 1, characterized in that  $R^1$  is chosen from  $C_1$  to  $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$  to  $C_6$  alkenyl and benzyl groups, each of these groups being

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substituted with one or two group(s) represented by the group A as defined in Claim 1.

- 3. (Original) Compound according to either of Claims 1 and 2, characterized in that  $R^2$  is chosen from a  $C_1$  to  $C_6$  alkyl group and a  $C_2$  to  $C_6$  alkenyl group, it being possible for each of these groups to be substituted with one or two group(s) represented by the group B as defined in Claim 1.
- 4. (Original) Compound according to any one of Claims 1 to 3, characterized in that  $R^1$  represents an ethyl group substituted with a sulfonic group, a phosphonic group or a carboxylic group, that is free, salified or esterified, and  $R^2$  represents an ethyl group substituted with a free or substituted phenyl group.
- 5. (Original). Compound according to any one of Claims 1 to 4, characterized in that it is 4,4'-dithiobis-(3,3'-amino-6,6'-phenyl-1,1'-hexanesulfonic) acid.
- 6. (Original) Compound according to Claim 5, characterized in that it is 4(S),4'(S),3(S),3'(S)-4'-dithiobis-(3,3'-amino-6,6'-phenyl-1,1'-hexanesulfonic) acid.
  - 7. (Cancelled)

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- 8. (Original) Pharmaceutical composition, characterized in that it comprises a compound according to any one of Claims 1 to 6.
- 9. (Previously presented) A method of selectively inhibiting aminopeptidase A, which comprises administering to a patient in need thereof an efficient amount of a compound of formula (1) according to claim 1.
- 10. (Currently Amended) A method for treating arterial hypertension and directly and indirectly related diseases, which comprises administering to a patient in need thereof an efficient amount of a compound of formula (1) according to claim 1.
- disease selected from the group consisting of primary or secondary arterial hypertension, an ictus, myocardial ischemia, cardiac insufficiency and renal insufficiency, myocardial infarction, a peripheral vascular disease, diabetic proteinuria, syndrome X, glaucoma, neurodegenerative diseases and memory disorders, which comprises administering to a patient in need thereof an efficient amount of a compound of formula (1) according to claim 1.

## 12. (Cancelled)

- 13. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 9, wherein the compound of formula (1) is 4,4'-dithiobis-(3,3'-amino-6,6'-phenyl-1,1'-hexanesulfonic) acid.
- 14. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 9, wherein the compound of formula (1) is 4(S),4'(S),3(S),3'(S)-4'-dithiobis-(3,3'-amino-6,6'-phenyl-1,1'-hexanesulfonic) acid.
- 15. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 10, wherein the compound of formula (1) is 4,4'-dithiobis-(3,3'-amino-6,6'-phenyl-1,1'-hexanesulfonic) acid.
- 16. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 10, wherein the compound of formula (1) is 4(S),4'(S),3(S),3'(S)-4'-dithiobis-(3,3'-amino-6,6'-phenyl-1,1'-hexanesulfonic) acid.
- 17. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 11, wherein the compound of formula (1) is 4,4'-dithiobis-(3,3'-amino-6,6'-phenyl-1,1'-hexanesulfonic) acid.
- 18. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 11, wherein the compound of formula (1) is 4(S), 4'(S), 3(S), 3'(S) 4' dithiobis (3, 3' amino 6, 6' phenyl 1, 1' hexanesulfonic) acid.

Claims 19 - 20. (Cancelled)